York City Council

Overview and Scrutiny Committee

Crime Data

Summary

This report summarises the crime data within the York Safer Neighbourhood Team area.

1. Background

On the 31st Jan 2011 the Home Secretary launched "police.uk" a website which enables individuals to see what crime and antisocial behaviour has happened on their streets.

The Home Secretary announced:

"Interactive maps which can be accessed on computers and mobile phones will open the door on crime and policing information, allowing people to view crimes including burglary, violence and anti-social behaviour in their areas. This transparent new level of crime and local policing information will ensure people can tell forces what their concerns about crime and disorder are"

2. Introduction

2.1 <u>www.police.uk</u> interactive map allows access to six categories of crime these are: burglary, robbery, vehicle crime, violence, other crime and anti-social behaviour (a total of all of these combined is also included). The following crime data allows members to assess crime levels within their area. The table is the first tranche of data from the newly launched website subsequent reports will illustrate trends in all the six categories. In addition at members request the report contains ASB data at Safer Neighbourhood Sector Level, this is not geographically aligned to political wards however geographical differences are negligible. Also at member request Home Office Most Similar Family bench marking data is included in the report.

3.0 Crime Data City of York

All crimes that are reported to the police are illustrated in the crime data table. They've been grouped into six categories to protect people's privacy. This should mean that more sensitive crimes won't be attributed to a particular area. The six categories are: Burglary, Anti-social behaviour, Robbery, Vehicle crime, Violent crime, Other crime, The total crime figure is also displayed. The data is supplied by North Yorkshire Police force from their crime and incident recording systems inc IQuanta and Police.uk. The information and figures contained with the table are subject to change as crimes types can be reclassified following investigation.

Month	Neighbourhood	All crime and ASB 2010 2011		Burglary		Anti-social behaviour			bery	Vehi crir	ne	Viol crir	ne	Other crime Inc : Public disorder, Criminal Damage, shoplifting, Drugs,Theft	
		2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011
Jan 10 /Jan 11															
Dec 10 /Dec 11		1769	2162	98	219	824	887	6	11	90	126	200	200	551	719
Nov 10/ Nov 11		2922	2083	155	189	1082	905	12	10	77	111	238	171	1358	697
Oct10/Oct11		2869	2354	156	160	1095	1169	11	3	70	122	179	198	1358	712
Sep10/Sep11	York All Areas	2908	2077	196	146	1053	1026	8	6	110	71	215	198	1326	630
Aug10/ Aug11		3081	2372	185	132	1192	1276	4	8	93	68	271	228	1336	660
Jul 10 / Jul 11		3046	2534	148	136	1259	1325	7	11	102	90	243	254	1287	718
Jun 10 /Jun 11		3070	2499	146	166	1208	1276	16	6	108	91	263	248	1329	712
May 10/May 11		3091	2302	200	136	1122	1125	5	3	149	92	234	217	1381	729
Apr 10 / Apr11		2944	2359	195	184	1130	1172	8	10	107	68	228	227	1276	698

Month	Neighbourhood	All crime and ASB		Burglary		Anti-social behaviour		Rot	bery	Vehicle crime		Violent crime		Other crime Inc: Public disorder, Criminal Damage, shoplifting, Drugs,Theft	
		2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011
Mar 10 / Mar11		2601	2482	151	244	1029	1055	11	10	96	129	159	222	1155	822
Feb 10 / Feb 11		3289	2117	1153	199	821	834	5	11	86	113	168	219	1056	741
Jan 10 / Jan 11		2336	2037	118	167	914	839	10	6	74	98	214	208	1006	719

Month	Neighbourhood	All crime and ASB	Burglary	Anti-social behaviour	Robbery	Vehicle crime	Violent crime	Other crime
Dec 11		532	10	238	0	9	62	213
Nov 11		403	7	179	2	2	44	169
Oct 11		484	8	241	0	5	58	172
Sep 11		460	7	230	2	2	49	170
Aug 11	York City	539	8	262	0	4	64	201
Jul 11		574	3	336	1	3	63	168
Jun 11		521	13	258	1	3	71	175
May 11		474	7	249	0	5	60	153
Apr11		478	13	241	0	6	56	162
Mar11		501	10	220	2	5	53	211
Dec 11		640	79	235	8	30	50	238
Nov 11		641	72	266	5	36	52	210
Oct 11		733	42	365	2	44	61	219
Sep 11		596	47	320	2	15	48	164
Aug 11	York East	762	51	456	4	23	53	175
Jul 11		732	44	423	5	30	47	183
Jun 11		754	46	399	4	25	58	222
May 11		724	50	359	0	29	51	235
Apr11]	670	72	319	0	14	49	210
Mar11		762	100	330	3	40	42	247

Month	Neighbourhood	All crime and ASB	Burglary	Anti-social behaviour	Robbery	Vehicle crime	Violent crime	Other crime
Dec 11		529	57	233	3	47	50	139
Nov 11		583	50	266	2	39	51	175
Oct 11		627	68	298	0	36	45	180
Sep 11		560	45	276	2	36	36	165
Aug 11	York West	620	38	347	4	18	53	160
Jul 11		701	37	319	5	26	81	233
Jun 11		667	53	351	1	40	57	165
May 11		618	48	279	2	33	52	204
Apr11		672	53	349	2	20	54	194
Mar11		683	61	296	2	54	51	219
Dec 11		461	73	181	0	40	38	129
Nov 11		456	60	194	1	34	24	143
Oct 11		510	42	265	1	37	34	131
Sep 11		411	46	192	0	18	24	131
Aug 11	York Rural	477	41	249	0	25	38	124
Jul 11		501	50	247	0	29	41	134
Jun 11]	522	53	268	0	21	30	150
May 11]	465	35	238	1	24	30	137
Apr11]	505	43	263	2	25	40	132
Mar11		493	75	209	1	22	41	145

4.0 Anti Social behaviour data supplied by North Yorkshire Police at Safer Neighbourhood Sector level, data supplied is subject to a number of anomalies as it is reliant on data input dates as opposed to incident occurrence and geographical anomalies when aligned with political wards used by local government. The data supplied however is robust enough to highlight trends and possible concentrations of ASB incidents within areas.

Anti Social Behaviour Data (Safer Neighbourhood Sector Level)														
Safer Neighbourhood Sector (N:B safer neighbourhood sectors are not geographically aligned to political wards)	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan 2012	
Acomb	22	42	29	47	31	35	40	23	25	34	24	21		
Bishopthorpe	2	5	16	9	7	11	8	10	10	7	4	6		
Clifton	56	59	90	72	88	74	56	71	69	74	47	60		
Derwent	7	10	7	5	7	5	7	9	3	8	9	8		
Dringhouses and Woodthorpe	29	34	40	33	37	42	52	62	48	33	58	31		
Fishergate	44	48	36	42	44	52	59	73	56	77	38	28		
Fulford	6	5	11	12	10	3	3	14	6	9	6	5		
Guilldhall	120	123	175	183	188	192	253	217	186	192	129	161		
Haxby and Wigginton	20	9	13	32	30	32	28	74	24	41	25	26		
Heslington & University	10	0	2	4	4	6	5	1	3	0	6	4		
Heslington South	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0		
Heworth	46	49	62	67	62	67	77	82	58	90	60	46		
Heworth Without	9	4	7	8	6	12	6	6	5	10	8	23		
Holgate	50	52	50	51	47	61	59	79	43	59	51	41		
Hull Road	42	41	61	59	57	51	57	58	47	55	47	28		
Huntington and New Earswick	40	40	38	50	50	61	54	51	34	52	47	41		
Micklegate Inner	49	42	38	46	49	47	59	47	53	44	46	71		
Micklegate Outer	57	58	75	89	83	90	75	87	70	73	46	60		
Osbaldwick	9	8	11	12	12	12	7	9	12	17	18	7		
Rural West York	20	18	33	41	36	34	31	28	34	28	28	27		
Skelton, Rawcliffe and Clifton Without	29	33	56	55	56	53	61	65	42	56	33	24		
Strensall	14	9	12	30	15	31	33	24	19	35	9	13		
The Groves	59	54	83	75	97	148	167	134	92	56	59	58		

Westfield	88	79	103	122	78	125	95	94	82	96	79	66	
Wheldrake	3	3	8	9	8	11	8	8	5	4	7	2	

- 5.0 **Most Similar Groups** (MSGs) identified by the Home Office. These groups provide a benchmark for comparison of crime rates and other indicators with similar areas elsewhere in England & Wales. They also help to identify similar areas which are performing well, to promote the sharing of good practice, CSPs are compared with up to 14 other similar units.
- 5.1 **How are the Most Similar Groups calculated?** A number of socio-demographic and geographic variables were identified which are strongly linked to increased levels of crime, fear of crime, or incidents. Socio demographic variables used are percentage of overcrowded households, percentage of single parent households, percentage of terraced households, percentage of population that are long-term unemployed, census output area density, population sparsity. These variables were then combined using a technique called Principal Component Analysis (PCA) to determine new, independent factors that best describe the variation between areas. The Most Similar Groups are determined by identifying the units which are most similar on the basis of these factors

					Crimes pe	er 1000 l	Residents	/ MSG I	Ranking	(1 st bein	ig the sa	fest 15 th	being t	he least	safe)				
		Ар	ril 11	Ma	ay 11	Jui	ne 11	July	/ 11	Au	g 11	Sep	11	Oct 11		Nov 11		De	ec 11
	Crime	Rank	Crime	Rank	Crime	Rank	Crime	Rank	Crime	Rank	Crime	Rank	Crime	Rank	Crime	Rank	Crime	Rank	Crime
	Categories											-						-	
	All Crime	14 th	18.7	13 th	18.0	12 th	17.2	14 th	18.7	13 th	18.0	12 th	17.2	12 th	16.1	13 th	16.5	12 th	17.8
York	Non																		
most	Domestic	15 th	2.01	15 th	1.82	14 th	1.59	15 th	2.01	15^{th}	1.82	14^{th}	1.59	14^{th}	1.2	14 th	1.4	15 th	1.8
similar family	Burglaries																		
grouping	Domestic	th		th		- th		th		th		- th		. – th		th		th	
••••	Burglaries	11 th	2.60	11 th	2.29	9 th	1.94	11 th	2.60	11 th	2.29	9 th	1.94	12 th	2.1	13 th	2.4	12 th	2.3
	Violent	th		th		th		th		th		th		th		- th		th	
	Crime	11 th	3.12	10 th	3.29	10 th	3.38	11 th	3.12	10 th	3.29	10 th	3.38	11 th	3.2	9 th	3.1	11 th	3.3
	Vehicle	a th		e th		- th		e th		- th		- th		7 th		e th		r e th	
	Crime	9 th	1.53	9 th	1.42	7"	1.24	9 th	1.53	9 th	1.42	7"	1.24	7"	1.2	9 th	1.4	10 th	1.7
	Robbery	11 th	0.15	9 th	0.11	8 th	0.09	11 th	0.15	9 th	0.11	8 th	0.09	9 th	0.01	7 th	0.08	4th	0.01

Bicycle Thefts	15 th	1.18	15 th	1.34	15 th	1.27	15 th	1.18	15 th	1.34	15 th	1.27	15 th	1.20	15 th	0.9	15 th	1.27
Drug Offences	9 th	0.84	9 th	0.84	7 th	0.75	9 th	0.84	9 th	0.84	7 th	0.75	10 th	0.86	10 th	0.8	10 th	0.88

York's most similar family as identified by the Home Office is :-

Canterbury, Cheshire East, Cheshire West, Colchester, Essex – Brentwood, Exeter, Gt Manchester – Trafford, Hertfordshire – Hertsmere, Kent -Tunbridge Wells, Lancs- Fylde, Maidstone, Met Police –Hillingdon, Swindon, Welwyn & Hatfield, York